

# RIXS Spectroscopy at High Pressure: Mott-Hubbard Gap Collapse in Iron Borate at the Spin Crossover Transition

**Viktor V. Struzhkin<sup>1</sup>, Jung-Ho Kim<sup>2</sup>, Yuri Shvydko<sup>2</sup>, Alexander Gavriluk<sup>3</sup>, and Sergey Ovchinnikov<sup>4</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>Carnegie Institution of Washington, Washington DC 20015

<sup>2</sup>Argonne National Laboratory, Advanced Photon Source, Argonne, IL 60439

<sup>3</sup>Institute for High Pressure Physics, Troitsk 142190 Russia

<sup>4</sup>L. V. Kirensky Institute of Physics, Krasnoyarsk 660036 Russia

We have collected first high-pressure Fe pre-edge resonant inelastic x-ray scattering (RIXS) spectra under pressure at MERIX beamline (sector 30 at the Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory). It has been suggested from the earlier optical absorption measurements that a spin-crossover transition in FeBO<sub>3</sub> starting at about 50 GPa is responsible for the dramatic reduction of the Mott-Hubbard energy gap in this material. Our measurements confirm this conclusion and provide further details on the interplay between multiorbital effects and Mott physics in FeBO<sub>3</sub>. The high pressure RIXS technique will be further discussed, with the emphasis on possible improvements.